

ALVT16 family characteristics

Family specifications

FAMILY DESCRIPTION

ALVT is the world's fastest low-voltage BiCMOS standard logic family. Fabricated using the advanced QUBiC-LP process, ALVT is specified to operate with the 3.3V power supply range and the new JEDEC standard 2.5V range. Both ranges of operation offer input and output compatibility with 5V logic products, and pin for pin compatibility with existing ABT and LVT families.

The speed of ALVT extends TTL well into the 100MHz operating range while providing the power savings of low voltage. ALVT provides a 20% speed enhancement over LVT operating at 3.3V and equals LVT speeds when used at 2.5V

HANDLING BICMOS DEVICES

Inputs and outputs are protected against electrostatic effects in a wide variety of device-handling situations.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS^{1, 2}

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +4.6	V
I_{IK}	DC input diode current	$V_I < 0$	-50	mA
V_I	DC input voltage ³		-1.2 to +7.0	V
I_{OK}	DC output diode current	$V_O < 0$	-50	mA
V_{OUT}	DC output voltage ³	Output in Off or High state	-0.5 to +7.0	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current	Output in Low state	128	mA
		Output in High state	-64	
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65 to 150	°C

NOTES:

- Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability. The maximum junction temperature of this integrated circuit should not exceed 150°C.
- The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	2.5V RANGE LIMITS		3.3V RANGE LIMITS		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V_{CC}	DC supply voltage	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.6	V
V_I	Input voltage	0	5.5	0	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	1.7		2.0		V
V_{IL}	Input voltage		0.7		0.8	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current		-8		-12	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current		12		12	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate; Outputs enabled		10		10	ns/V
T_{amb}	Operating free-air temperature range	-40	+85	-40	+85	°C

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (3.3V ± 0.3V RANGE)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNIT
			Temp = -40°C to +85°C			
			MIN	TYP ¹	MAX	
V _{IK}	Input clamp voltage	V _{CC} = 3.0V; I _{IK} = -18mA		-0.85	-1.2	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{CC} = 3.0V; I _{OH} = -12mA	2.0	2.3		V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{CC} = 3.0V; I _{OL} = 12mA		0.5	0.8	V
I _I	Input leakage current	V _{CC} = 3.6V; V _I = V _{CC} or GND	Control pins	0.1	±1	µA
		V _{CC} = 0 or 3.6V; V _I = 5.5V		0.1	10	
		V _{CC} = 3.6V; V _I = 5.5V	I/O Data pins ⁴	0.1	20	
		V _{CC} = 3.6V; V _I = V _{CC}		0.5	10	
		V _{CC} = 3.6V; V _I = 0		0.1	-5	
I _{OFF}	Output off current	V _{CC} = 0V; V _I or V _O = 0 to 4.5V		0.1	±100	µA
I _{HOLD}	Bus Hold current A or B outputs	V _{CC} = 3.0V; V _I = 0.8V	75	120		µA
		V _{CC} = 3.0V; V _I = 2.0V	-75	-130		µA
I _{EX}	Current into an output in the High state when V _O > V _{CC}	V _O = 5.5V; V _{CC} = 3.0V		10	125	µA
I _{PU/PD}	Power up/down 3-State output current ³	V _{CC} ≤ 1.2V; V _O = 0.5V to V _{CC} ; V _I = GND or V _{CC} OE/OE = Don't care		1	±100	µA
I _{OZH}	3-State output High current	V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _O = 2.3V; V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}		0.5	5	µA
I _{OZL}	3-State output Low current	V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _O = 0.5V; V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}		0.5	-5	µA
I _{CCH}	Quiescent supply current	V _{CC} = 3.6V; Outputs High, V _I = GND or V _{CC} , I _O = 0		0.07	0.1	mA
I _{CCL}		V _{CC} = 3.6V; Outputs Low, V _I = GND or V _{CC} , I _O = 0		4.3	7	
I _{CCZ}		V _{CC} = 3.6V; Outputs Disabled; V _I = GND or V _{CC} , I _O = 0 ⁵		0.07	0.1	
ΔI _{CC}	Additional supply current per input pin ²	V _{CC} = 3V to 3.6V; One input at V _{CC} -0.6V, Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND		0.04	0.2	mA

NOTES:

1. All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3V and T_{amb} = 25°C.
2. This is the increase in supply current for each input at the specified voltage level other than V_{CC} or GND
3. This parameter is valid for any V_{CC} between 0V and 1.2V with a transition time of up to 10msec. From V_{CC} = 1.2V to V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 0.2V a transition time of 100µsec is permitted. This parameter is valid for T_{amb} = 25°C only.
4. Unused pins at V_{CC} or GND.
5. I_{CCZ} is measured with outputs pulled up to V_{CC} or pulled down to ground.

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (2.5V ± 0.2V RANGE)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		LIMITS			UNIT
				Temp = -40°C to +85°C			
				MIN	TYP NO TAG	MAX	
V _{IK}	Input clamp voltage	V _{CC} = 2.3V; I _{IK} = -18mA			-0.85	-1.2	V
V _{OH}	High-level output voltage	V _{CC} = 2.3V; I _{OH} = -8mA		2.0	2.3		V
V _{OL}	Low-level output voltage	V _{CC} = 2.3V; I _{OL} = 12mA			0.5	0.8	V
I _I	Input leakage current	V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _I = GND		Control pins	0.1	±1	μA
		V _{CC} = 0 or 2.7V; V _I = 5.5V			0.1	10	
		V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _I = 5.5V		I/O Data pins ^{NO TAG}	0.1	20	
		V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _I = V _{CC}			0.1	10	
		V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _I = 0			0.1	-5	
I _{OFF}	Output off current	V _{CC} = 0V; V _I or V _O = 0 to 4.5V			0.1	±100	μA
I _{HOLD} NO TAG	Bus Hold current A or B outputs	V _{CC} = 2.5V; V _I = 0.8V			90		μA
		V _{CC} = 2.5V; V _I = 2.0V			-75		μA
I _{EX}	Current into an output in the High state when V _O > V _{CC}	V _O = 5.5V; V _{CC} = 2.3V			10	125	μA
I _{PU/PD}	Power up/down 3-State output current ^{NO TAG}	V _{CC} ≤ 1.2V; V _O = 0.5V to V _{CC} ; V _I = GND or V _{CC} OE/OE = Don't care			1	±100	μA
I _{OZH}	3-State output High current	V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _O = 2.3V; V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}			0.5	5	μA
I _{OZL}	3-State output Low current	V _{CC} = 2.7V; V _O = 0.5V; V _I = V _{IL} or V _{IH}			0.5	-5	μA
I _{CCH}	Quiescent supply current	V _{CC} = 2.7V; Outputs High, V _I = GND or V _{CC} , I _O = 0			0.05	0.09	mA
I _{CCL}		V _{CC} = 2.7V; Outputs Low, V _I = GND or V _{CC} , I _O = 0			3.0	4.5	
I _{CCZ}		V _{CC} = 2.7V; Outputs Disabled; V _I = GND or V _{CC} , I _O = 0 ^{NO TAG}			0.04	0.09	
ΔI _{CC}	Additional supply current per input pin ^{NO TAG}	V _{CC} = 2.3V to 2.7V; One input at V _{CC} -0.6V, Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND			0.04	0.2	mA

NOTES:

- All typical values are at V_{CC} = 2.5V and T_{amb} = 25°C.
- This is the increase in supply current for each input at the specified voltage level other than V_{CC} or GND
- This parameter is valid for any V_{CC} between 0V and 1.2V with a transition time of up to 10msec. From V_{CC} = 1.2V to V_{CC} = 2.5V ± 0.3V a transition time of 100μsec is permitted. This parameter is valid for T_{amb} = 25°C only.
- Unused pins at V_{CC} or GND.
- I_{CCZ} is measured with outputs pulled up to V_{CC} or pulled down to ground.
- Not guaranteed.

TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORM

Test Circuit for 3-State Outputs

The test circuit shows a Pulse Generator connected to the input of a D.U.T. (Device Under Test). The input signal V_{IN} is terminated with a resistor R_T . The output of the D.U.T. is connected to a load resistor R_L and a load capacitor C_L . The output voltage is V_{OUT} . The D.U.T. is powered by V_{CC} . A switch is used to connect the load resistor R_L to either a 6.0V source (or $V_{CC} \times 2$), an Open state, or GND.

SWITCH POSITION

TEST	SWITCH
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	6V or $V_{CC} \times 2$
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND

DEFINITIONS

R_L = Load resistor; see AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.
 C_L = Load capacitance includes jig and probe capacitance: See AC CHARACTERISTICS for value.
 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to Z_{OUT} of pulse generators.

INPUT PULSE REQUIREMENTS

FAMILY	INPUT PULSE REQUIREMENTS				
	Amplitude	Rep. Rate	t_W	t_R	t_F
74ALVT16	3.0V or V_{CC} whichever is less	$\leq 10\text{MHz}$	500ns	$\leq 2.5\text{ns}$	$\leq 2.5\text{ns}$

The waveforms show a negative pulse and a positive pulse. For a negative pulse, the input voltage V_{IN} transitions from 90% V_{IN} to 10% V_{IN} (labeled V_M at 10% level) with a pulse width t_W . The output transition times are t_{THL} (t_F) for the falling edge and t_{TLH} (t_R) for the rising edge. For a positive pulse, the input voltage V_{IN} transitions from 10% V_{IN} to 90% V_{IN} (labeled V_M at 90% level) with a pulse width t_W . The output transition times are t_{TLH} (t_R) for the rising edge and t_{THL} (t_F) for the falling edge.

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